

113TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 324

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 22, 2013

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

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## AN ACT

To grant the Congressional Gold Medal, collectively, to the First Special Service Force, in recognition of its superior service during World War II.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1   **SECTION 1. FINDINGS.**

2       Congress finds the following:

3           (1) The First Special Service Force (the  
4           “Force”), a military unit composed of volunteers  
5           from the United States and Canada, was activated  
6           in July 1942 at Fort Harrison near Helena, Mon-  
7           tana.

8           (2) The Force was initially intended to target  
9           military and industrial installations that were sup-  
10          porting the German war effort, including important  
11          hydroelectric plants, which would severely limit the  
12          production of strategic materials used by the Axis  
13          powers.

14          (3) From July 1942 through June 1943, volun-  
15          teers of the Force trained in hazardous, arctic condi-  
16          tions in the mountains of western Montana, and in  
17          the waterways of Camp Bradford, Virginia.

18          (4) The combat echelon of the Force totaled  
19          1,800 soldiers, half from the United States and half  
20          from Canada.

21          (5) The Force also contained a service bat-  
22          talion, composed of 800 members from the United  
23          States, that provided important support for the com-  
24          bat troops.

25          (6) A special bond developed between the Cana-  
26          dian and United States soldiers, who were not seg-

1           regated by country, although the commander of the  
2         Force was a United States colonel.

3           (7) The Force was the only unit formed during  
4         World War II that consisted of troops from Canada  
5         and the United States.

6           (8) In October 1943, the Force went to Italy,  
7         where it fought in battles south of Cassino, including  
8         Monte La Difensa and Monte Majo, two mountain  
9         peaks that were a critical anchor of the German de-  
10       fense line.

11          (9) During the night of December 3, 1943, the  
12         Force ascended to the top of the precipitous face of  
13         Monte La Difensa, where the Force suffered heavy  
14         casualties and overcame fierce resistance to overtake  
15         the German line.

16          (10) After the battle for La Difensa, the Force  
17         continued to fight tough battles at high altitudes, in  
18         rugged terrain, and in severe weather.

19          (11) After battles on the strongly defended  
20         Italian peaks of Sammucro, Vischiataro, and  
21         Remetanea, the size of the Force had been reduced  
22         from 1,800 soldiers to fewer than 500.

23          (12) For 4 months in 1944, the Force engaged  
24         in raids and aggressive patrols at the Anzio Beach-  
25       head.

1                         (13) On June 4, 1944, members of the Force  
2                         were among the first Allied troops to liberate Rome.

3                         (14) After liberating Rome, the Force moved to  
4                         southern Italy and prepared to assist in the libera-  
5                         tion of France.

6                         (15) During the early morning of August 15,  
7                         1944, members of the Force made silent landings on  
8                         Les Iles D'Hyeres, small islands in the Mediterra-  
9                         nean Sea along the southern coast of France.

10                        (16) The Force faced a sustained and withering  
11                         assault from the German garrisons as the Force pro-  
12                         gressed from the islands to the Franco-Italian bor-  
13                         der.

14                        (17) After the Allied forces secured the Franco-  
15                         Italian border, the United States Army ordered the  
16                         disbandment of the Force on December 5, 1944, in  
17                         Nice, France.

18                        (18) During 251 days of combat, the Force suf-  
19                         fered 2,314 casualties, or 134 percent of its autho-  
20                         rized strength, captured thousands of prisoners, won  
21                         5 United States campaign stars and 8 Canadian  
22                         battle honors, and never failed a mission.

23                        (19) The United States is forever indebted to  
24                         the acts of bravery and selflessness of the troops of

1       the Force, who risked their lives for the cause of  
2       freedom.

3                 (20) The efforts of the Force along the seas  
4       and skies of Europe were critical in repelling the ad-  
5       vance of Nazi Germany and liberating numerous  
6       communities in France and Italy.

7                 (21) The bond between the members of the  
8       Force from the United States and those from Can-  
9       ada has endured over the decades, as the members  
10      meet every year for a reunion, alternating between  
11      the United States and Canada.

12                 (22) The traditions and honors exhibited by the  
13       Force are carried on by 2 outstanding active units  
14       of 2 great democracies, the Special Forces of the  
15       United States and the Canadian Special Operations  
16       Regiment.

17     **SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.**

18         (a) AWARD AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of the  
19       House of Representatives and the President pro tempore  
20       of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements for the  
21       award, on behalf of the Congress, of a gold medal of ap-  
22       propriate design to the First Special Service Force, collec-  
23       tively, in recognition of their dedicated service during  
24       World War II.

1       (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the  
2 award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the  
3 Treasury (in this Act referred to as the “Secretary”) shall  
4 strike the gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and  
5 inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.

6       (c) AWARD OF MEDAL.—Following the award of the  
7 gold medal in honor of the First Special Service Force  
8 under subsection (a), the medal shall be given to the First  
9 Special Service Force Association in Helena, Montana,  
10 where it shall be available for display or temporary loan  
11 to be displayed elsewhere, particularly at other appropriate  
12 locations associated with the First Special Service Force,  
13 including Fort William Henry Harrison in Helena, Mon-  
14 tana.

15 **SEC. 3. DUPLICATE MEDALS.**

16       The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in  
17 bronze of the gold medal struck under section 2, at a price  
18 sufficient to cover the costs of the medal, including labor,  
19 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses,  
20 and amounts received from the sale of such duplicates  
21 shall be deposited in the United States Mint Public Enter-  
22 prise Fund.

1   **SEC. 4. NATIONAL MEDALS.**

2       Medals struck pursuant to this Act are national med-  
3   als for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States  
4   Code.

Passed the House of Representatives May 21, 2013.

Attest:

KAREN L. HAAS,

*Clerk.*